

A snapshot of 2024 results

a) Progressing towards faster, fairer, and more ambitious energy transitions, focusing on scaling up

The **electricity transmission network** has been identified as a key area requiring urgent attention and action to advance energy transitions in 2024, both globally and in most regions. Serving as the backbone of modern energy systems, multidirectional, integrated, and smart networks with dynamic **storage** require significant investments, technological innovation, and regulatory frameworks to facilitate the shift towards cleaner, more sustainable, and more resilient energy.

b) Policies and ecosystems enabling transparent, transformational, and reliable transitions

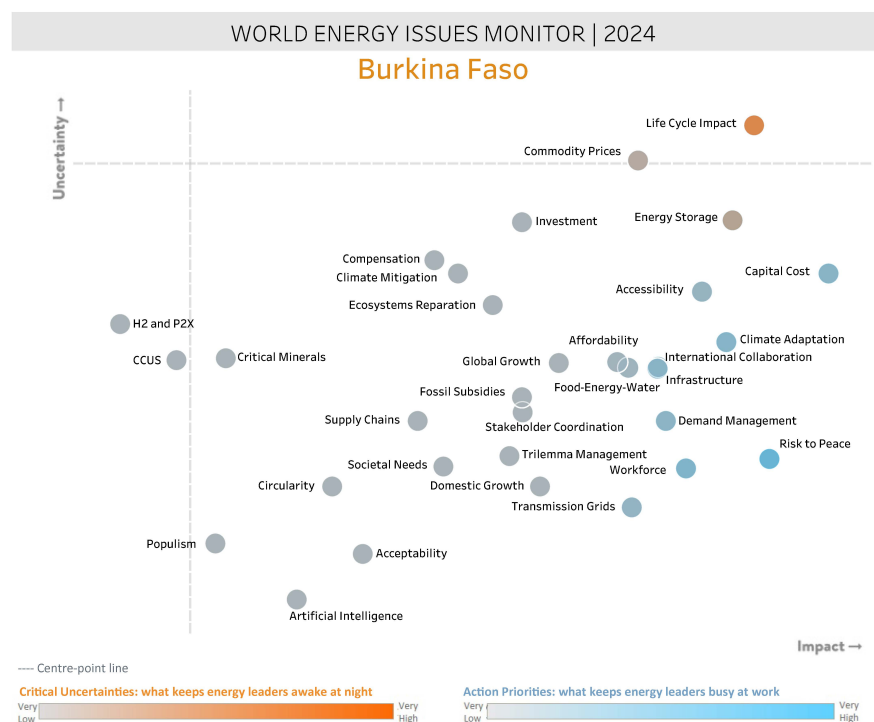
The decentralisation of energy production and management enables consumers to exercise much greater control. Consequently, current policies may become outdated and require reassessment, critical engagement, and **collaboration with stakeholders** to define practical and proactive policies.

c) Climate risk and resilience

The resilience of regions like Africa, Latin America, and the Caribbean to the effects of climate change may be insufficient, making **adaptation** increasingly critical as the number of extreme climate events rises and energy, other **infrastructure**, and **value chains** suffer negative consequences.

d) Resource allocation, active management, and financial flows

As adaptation becomes a growing priority, differing opinions on its importance for immediate action can be explained by the immediate needs of highly vulnerable regions that require **compensation for losses** and those regions already strengthening their resilience.



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